

Helping You Make An Informed Decision

Life Insurance Solutions For Corporate Owners

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Opportunity Overview

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This strategy is designed for a Canadian resident taxpayer who:

- Owns shares of a Canadian Controlled Private Corporation (CCPC)
- Is in good health, relative to their age, with no major health challenges
- Has excess cash
- Cares about the next generation and tax planning

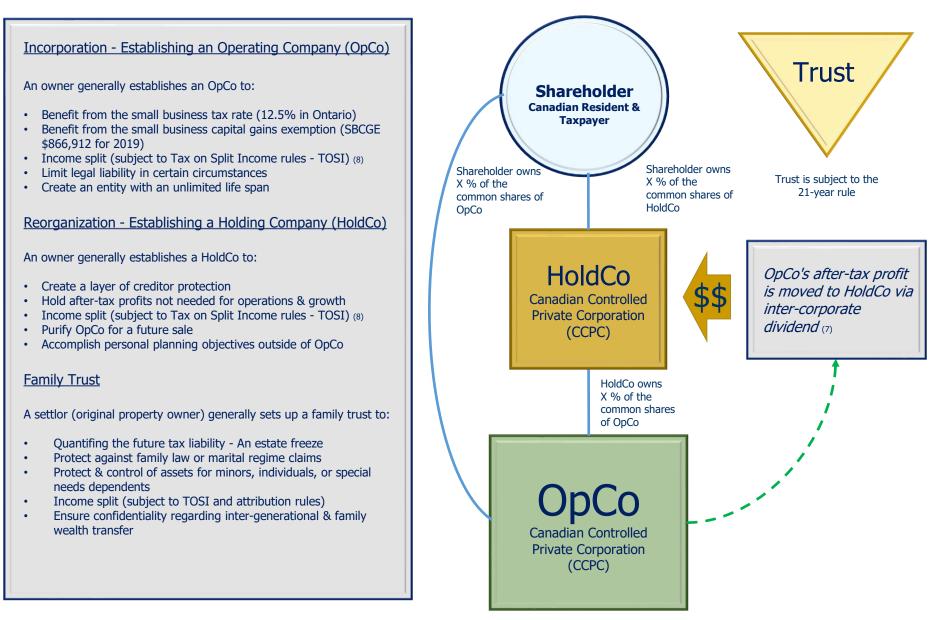
The strategy allows you to take excess cash and:

- o Grow It Fully Sheltered From Tax (1)
 - 39% tax efficient on a balanced portfolio (passive income) (2)
 - 25% tax efficient on capital gains (passive income) (2)
- o Move It To The Next Generation Tax Free (3)
 - 47% tax savings on non-eligible dividends paid to shareholder(s) (4)(5)
- Reduce the impact of the Small Business Deduction grind
 - Business limit reduced when passive income exceeds \$50k (6)

Corporate Life Insurance Plan

Common Tax Planning Concepts

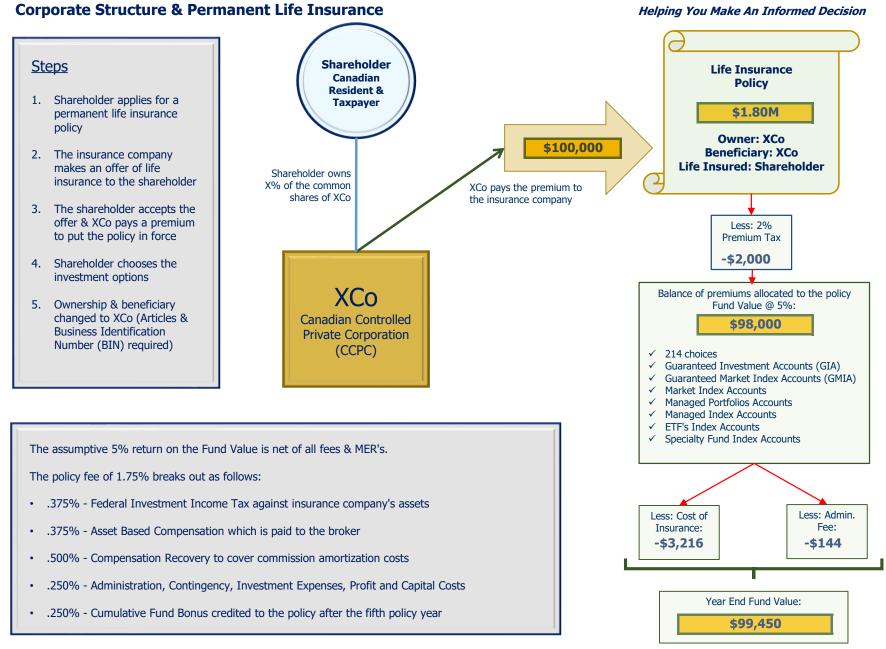
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Corporate Life Insurance Plan





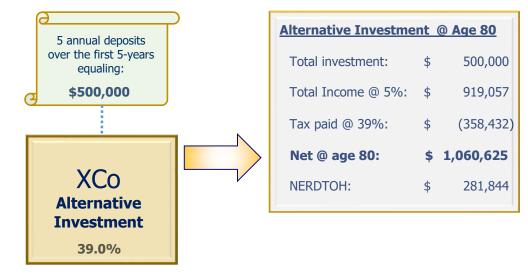
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Corporate Life Insurance Plan

Problem & Solution - Corporate Passive Income

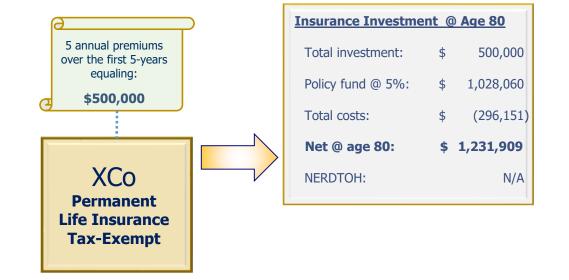
Problem - Corporate Passive Income

- Profit not needed for growth, operations or personal needs are invested in an Alternative Investment
- Passive investment income generated by the Alternative Investment is taxed at the top corporate rate
- Passive income in excess of \$50k grinds Small Business Deduction (SBD)
- XCo books refundable tax NERDTOH offsets corporate tax on non-eligible dividends when declared (5)



Solution - Permanent Life Insurance

- ✓ XCo purchases a permanent tax-exempt life insurance policy on the life of the shareholder(s) as one of the assets it owns
- $\checkmark~$ XCo is the owner, beneficiary and premium payor
- ✓ Growth of the life insurance policy is fully taxexempt - no taxable passive income is generated (1)
- ✓ Reduces the impact of the SBD grind (6)
- ✓ The cash surrender value of the life insurance policy is an asset on XCo's balance sheet
- ✓ Premiums are not deductible, in specific circumstances premiums may be deductible





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Corporate Life Insurance Plan corporate solutions **Problem & Solution - Dividend Tax** Helping You Make An Informed Decision **Taxable Dividend** Alternative **Problem - Dividend Tax** Investment: Dividend: 1,060,625 \$ \$500,000 Surviving shareholder(s) of XCo can elect to take NERDTOH: \$ 281,844 dividends from XCo's retained earnings for personal use Tax paid @ 47%: \$ (630,961) These surviving shareholders are often a combination of a spouse, children, and Net: \$ 711,509 grandchildren XCo · Dividends declared by surviving shareholders are **Taxable Alternative** Shareholder elects a taxed at the taxpayers top marginal rate (4) Investment taxable dividend (5) Surviving Shareholder At Age 80 NERDTOH subject to ordering rule (5) • nets tax-paid \$ 1,060,625 \$712K **Capital Dividend Solution - Permanent Life Insurance** Capital Dividend: \$ 1,800,000 Insurance ✓ The XCo purchases a permanent tax-exempt life Premiums: Taxable Dividend: \$ insurance policy on the life of the shareholder(s) \$500,000 as one of the assets it owns Tax paid @ 47%: \$ ✓ At death the life insurance proceeds are paid taxfree to the beneficiary (XCo) (1) \$ 1,800,000 Net: ✓ Death benefits paid to XCo (beneficary) qualify for capital dividend account (CDA) treatment (3) XCo Shareholder elects a Surviving **Tax-free Insurance** ✓ Capital dividends declared by surviving capital dividend (3) Shareholder shareholders are tax-free dividends **Death Benefit** nets tax-paid \$1.800M At Age 80 \$ 1,800,000

Permanent Life Insurance vs. Alternative Investment



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Date: September 3, 2019 500,000 \$1.80M Prepared for: Male, 53, Non-smoker Permanent Life Insurance: \$ Death benefit: Prepared by: Raymond Matt, CFP, CLU, TEP, CHS 5 Alternative Investment: \$ 500,000 Deposit years: **After-tax Estate Benefit Cash Value Cumulative Costs & Taxes** Permanent Diff. Permanent Alternative Diff. Permanent Alternative Alternative Difference % Life Insurance Investment % Investment % Life Insurance Investment Life Insurance Year Age 54 1.753.881 55,429 3064.2% 103.050 -277.4% -174.8% 27,303 5,360 1,950 1 2 55 1,708,144 113,362 1406.8% 130,575 209,243 -60.2% 11,840 5,909 -100.4% 3 56 1.662.706 173.874 856.3% 238,320 318.675 -33.7% 18.992 11.940 -59.1% 4 363,003 57 1.617.569 237,044 582.4% 431,445 -18.9% 26,606 20,104 -32.3% 5 58 1.572.737 302,954 419.1% 482,341 547,654 -13.5% 34,490 30,467 -13.2% 6 59 1,575,294 316,257 398.1% 504,170 564,357 -11.9% 40,987 41,146 0.4% 7 60 1,578,289 329,966 378.3% 538,541 581,570 -8.0% 48,096 52,151 7.8% 8 61 1,581,779 344,094 359.7% 573,452 599,308 -4.5% 55,823 63,492 12.1% 9 62 1,585,808 358,652 342.2% 608,925 617,587 -1.4% 64,172 75,178 14.6% 10 1,590,452 325.6% 87,221 15.9% 63 373,654 656,790 636,423 3.1% 73,364 11 64 1,595,777 389,114 310.1% 681,129 655,834 3.7% 83,262 99,632 16.4% 12 65 1,601,861 405,045 295.5% 705,962 675,837 4.3% 93,925 112,420 16.5% 13 66 1,608,809 421,462 281.7% 732,327 696,450 4.9% 104,367 125,599 16.9% 14 67 1,616,725 438,380 268.8% 760,320 717,692 5.6% 114,573 139,180 17.7% 256.7% 790,034 739,581 18.7% 15 68 1.625.723 455,814 6.4% 124,536 153,175 16 69 1,635,942 473,780 245.3% 821,590 762,138 7.2% 134,228 167,597 19.9% 1,647,104 492,293 234.6% 854,017 785,384 8.0% 144,684 182,458 20.7% 17 70 18 71 1.659.275 511,372 224.5% 887.339 809.338 8.8% 155.927 197,773 21.2% 19 72 1.672.509 531.032 215.0% 921,579 834,023 9.5% 167,980 213,556 21.3% 551,292 206.0% 10.2% 229,819 21.3% 20 73 1,686,869 956,740 859,460 180,888 74 21 1,702,399 572,169 197.5% 992,858 885,674 10.8% 194,661 246,578 21.1% 75 22 1,719,137 593,684 189.6% 1,029,946 912,687 11.4% 209,337 263,849 20.7% 23 11.9% 76 1,737,106 615,854 182.1% 1,068,047 940,524 224,923 281,646 20.1% 24 77 175.0% 19.5% 1,756,316 638,701 1,107,188 969,210 12.5% 241,444 299,987 25 78 1,776,747 662,245 168.3% 13.0% 18.8% 1,147,470 998,771 258,857 318,886 26 79 1,798,361 18.1% 686,507 162.0% 1,188,993 1,029,233 13.4% 277,120 338,362 80 27 1,800,000 711.509 153.0% 1,231,909 1,060,625 13.9% 296,151 358,432 17.4% 28 81 1,800,000 737,273 144.1% 1,276,439 1,092,974 14.4% 315,805 379,115 16.7% 29 82 1,800,000 763,823 135.7% 1,322,868 1,126,310 14.9% 335,885 400,428 16.1% 30 83 1,800,000 791.183 127.5% 1.371.565 1,160,662 15.4% 356,134 422,391 15.7% 31 84 1,800,000 819,378 119.7% 1,423,027 1,196,062 15.9% 376,181 445,023 15.5% 32 85 1,800,000 848,432 112.2% 1,477,872 1,232,542 16.6% 395,565 468,347 15.5% 37 90 1.844.315 1.007.549 83.0% 1.844.315 1,432,326 22.3% 450,235 596,077 24.5% 42 95 2,381,842 1,192,458 99.7% 2,381,842 1,664,492 30.1% 450,955 744,511 39.4% 47 100 50.7% 3,076,270 1,407,338 118.6% 3,076,270 1,934,291 37.1% 451,675 917,006

Summary



Investment Options

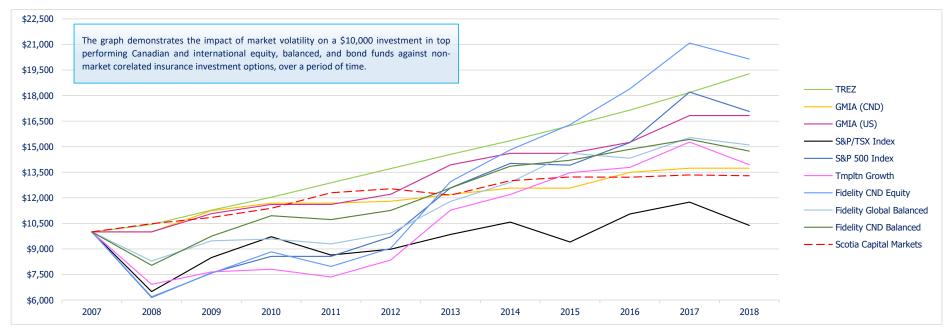


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Market Analysis

Date: January 14, 2019 Prepared by: Raymond Matt, CFP, CLU, TEP, CHS

	TREZ	Annual	CND	Annual	US	Annual	S&P/TSX	Annual	S&P 500	Annual	Tmpltn	Annual	Fidelity	Annual	Fidelity	Annual	Fidelity	Annual
Year	Capital	Return	GMIA	Return	GMIA	Return	Index	Return	Index	Return	Growth	Return	CND Equ.	Return	Glo. Bal.	Return	CND Bal.	Return
2007	\$10,000		\$10,000		\$10,000		\$10,000		\$10,000		\$10,000		\$10,000		\$10,000		\$10,000	
2008	10,435	4.4%	10,000	0.0%	10,000	0.0%	6,497	-35.0%	6,151	-38.5%	6,923	-30.8%	6,193	-38.1%	8,290	-17.1%	8,038	-19.6%
2009	11,275	8.1%	11,247	12.5%	11,070	10.7%	8,491	30.7%	7,593	23.5%	7,651	10.5%	7,575	22.3%	9,478	14.3%	9,749	21.3%
2010	12,029	6.7%	11,690	3.9%	11,608	4.9%	9,718	14.5%	8,564	12.8%	7,805	2.0%	8,829	16.6%	9,587	1.2%	10,951	12.3%
2011	12,883	7.1%	11,690	0.0%	11,608	0.0%	8,642	-11.1%	8,564	0.0%	7,353	-5.8%	7,971	-9.7%	9,293	-3.1%	10,726	-2.1%
2012	13,720	6.5%	11,795	0.9%	12,209	5.2%	8,988	4.0%	9,712	13.4%	8,353	13.6%	9,047	13.5%	9,927	6.8%	11,262	5.0%
2013	14,550	6.1%	12,199	3.4%	13,937	14.2%	9,847	9.6%	12,587	29.6%	11,274	35.0%	12,952	43.2%	11,788	18.7%	12,580	11.7%
2014	15,351	5.5%	12,570	3.0%	14,616	4.9%	10,578	7.4%	14,021	11.4%	12,199	8.2%	14,812	14.4%	12,904	9.5%	13,853	10.1%
2015	16,234	5.8%	12,570	0.0%	14,616	0.0%	9,405	-11.1%	13,918	-0.7%	13,472	10.4%	16,300	10.0%	14,623	13.3%	14,206	2.6%
2016	17,146	5.6%	13,495	7.4%	15,257	4.4%	11,051	17.5%	15,246	9.5%	13,783	2.3%	18,389	12.8%	14,327	-2.0%	14,844	4.5%
2017	18,180	6.0%	13,739	1.8%	16,829	10.3%	11,748	6.3%	18,207	19.4%	15,274	10.8%	21,083	14.7%	15,537	8.4%	15,430	4.0%
2018	19,284	6.1%	13,739	0.0%	16,829	0.0%	10,380	-11.6%	17,071	-6.2%	13,942	-8.7%	20,147	-4.4%	15,103	-2.8%	14,745	-0.4%
Avera	ge	6.2%		3.0%		5.0%		1.9%		6.7%		4.3%		8.7%		4.3%		4.5%



Assumptions



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We help private Canadian shareholder's implement and manage permanent life insurance plans, fully sheltered from tax, and move residual wealth to the next generation tax-free. The objective is to minimize the impact of market volatility over time by seeking out policy returns that are not correlated to the broader equity markets. Our focus is capital preservation, risk reduction, and consistency over time.

This presentation demonstrates the advantages of using permanent life insurance as part of your overall tax and estate planning strategy. We highlight the impact of planning with, and without, life insurance, using apples-to-apples comparisons, with conventional tax and estate planning structures.

This presentation uses the following assumptions:

• Interest Rate & Cost of Borrowing Assumptions Net of Fees & MER's:

- Alternative Investment: 5.0%
- Permanent Life Insurance: 5.0%
- Cost of Borrowing: 5.0%

• Tax Rate Assumptions:

- T5 Income: 50.0%
- Capital Gains: 25.0%
- Non-eligible Dividends: 47.0%
- Passive Income: 39.0%
- Refundable Tax: 30.7%
- Capital Gains Inclusion: 50.0%

• Ontario's Combined Top Marginal Tax Rates for individuals earning in excess of \$220,000:

 T4 & T5 Income: 	53.5%
 Capital Gains: 	26.8%
 Eligible Dividends: 	39.3%

Non-eligible Dividends: 47.4%

• Small Business Income Threshold:

- \$ 500,000
- Small Business Exemption Grind Starts At:
 - \$ 50,000

• Ontario's Combined Tax Rates For Income Earned by a CCPC:

- Income up to \$500,000: 12.5%
- Active Business Income: 26.5%
- Passive Income: 50.2%
- Refundable Tax: 30.7%



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Notice To Reader

This analysis is provided for general information and discussion purposes only. This document is made available only for the purposes of assisting in determining a level of interest in the proposed life insurance plan. It will not form part of the insurance contract. It is subject to underwriting and approval and is intended to demonstrate benefits based on specific assumptions. These assumptions will change over time and should be considered hypothetical. Interest rates for loans and investment accounts are assumptions; they are neither guarantees nor estimates of future performance. Consult the contract for specific details including policy charges and surrender charges. If there is any discrepancy between any illustration provided to you and your policy contract, your contract governs. Every implementation is different; such as, but not limited to, the client's specific facts and circumstances. Care and attention should be paid to Subsection 55(2) as it relates to safe income. All post-mortem planning (164(6) & 88(1)(d)) will vary based on the deceased's will, current tax legislation, the intentions of the beneficiaries and may be subject to stop-loss rules 112(3.2). All loans, unless otherwise stated in writing, are assumed to be personal loans secured with personal assets. Loans secured with corporate assets for a personal benefit could result in a deemed benefit for tax purposes.

Any taxpayer considering this insurance plan should consult with his or her tax advisor for advice as to the income tax consequences to him or her and any other relevant parties having regard to his or her own particular circumstances prior to implementation.

A copy of the assumptions used for all illustrations will be made available upon request. Errors & Omissions Excepted.

Footnotes

- 1. Section 148 of the ITA Life Insurance Rules
- 2. January 1, 2019 Federal and Provincial tax rate for passive investment income earned by a CCPC
- 3. Subsections 83(2) & 89(1)(d) Reg. 2101: Capital Dividends and Life Insurance Capital Dividends Payable by Private Corporations
- 4. January 1, 2019 Top marginal tax rate in Ontario for individuals with taxable income in excess of \$220,000
- 5. Subsection 129(1)(a) of the ITA Ordering Rules for Refundable Dividend Tax On Hand (RDTOH) Accounts
- 6. Subsection 125(1)(a) of the ITA Passive Income Small Buisness Deduction (SBD) Grind Rules
- 7. Subsection 55(2) of the ITA Inter-corporate Dividend Safe Income Rules
- 8. Subsection 120.4(1) of the ITA Tax On Split Income (TOSI)

Contact Information



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