



Opportunity Overview

Helping You Make An Informed Decision

This strategy is designed for a Canadian resident taxpayer who:

- Owns shares of a Canadian Controlled Private Corporation (CCPC)
- Is in good health, relative to their age, with no major health challenges
- Has excess cash
- Cares about the next generation and tax planning

The strategy allows you to take excess cash and:

- o Grow It Fully Sheltered From Tax (1)
 - 50% tax efficient on a balanced portfolio (passive income) (2)
 - 25% tax efficient on capital gains (passive income) (2)
- o Move It To The Next Generation Tax Free (3)
 - 47% tax savings on non-eligible dividends paid to shareholder(s) (4)(5)
- Reduce the impact of the Small Business Deduction grind
 - Business limit reduced when passive income exceeds \$50k (6)



Common Tax Planning Concepts

Incorporation - Establishing an Operating Company (OpCo)

An owner generally establishes an OpCo to:

- Benefit from the small business tax rate (12.5% in Ontario)
- Benefit from the small business capital gains exemption (SBCGE \$866,912 for 2019)
- Income split (subject to Tax on Split Income rules TOSI) (8)
- · Limit legal liability in certain circumstances
- Create an entity with an unlimited life span

Reorganization - Establishing a Holding Company (HoldCo)

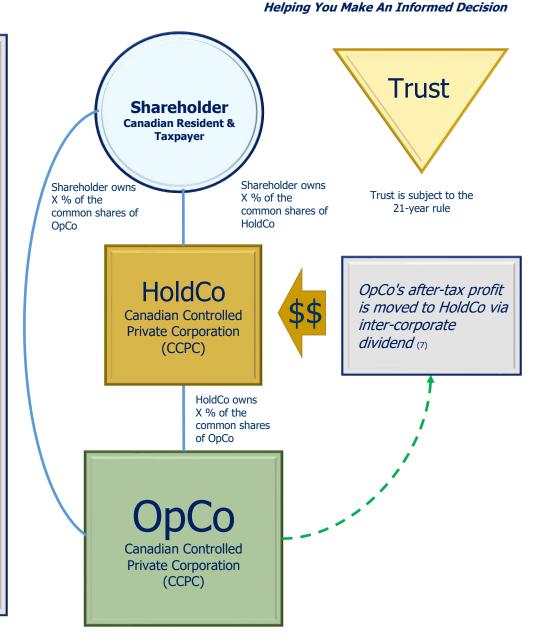
An owner generally establishes a HoldCo to:

- · Create a layer of creditor protection
- Hold after-tax profits not needed for operations & growth
- Income split (subject to Tax on Split Income rules TOSI) (8)
- Purify OpCo for a future sale
- Accomplish personal planning objectives outside of OpCo

Family Trust

A settlor (original property owner) generally sets up a family trust to:

- Quantifing the future tax liability An estate freeze
- Protect against family law or marital regime claims
- Protect & control of assets for minors, individuals, or special needs dependents
- Income split (subject to TOSI and attribution rules)
- Ensure confidentiality regarding inter-generational & family wealth transfer





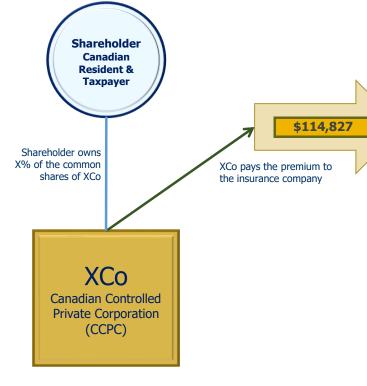
Helping You Make An Informed Decision

Life Insurance

Corporate Structure & Permanent Life Insurance

Steps

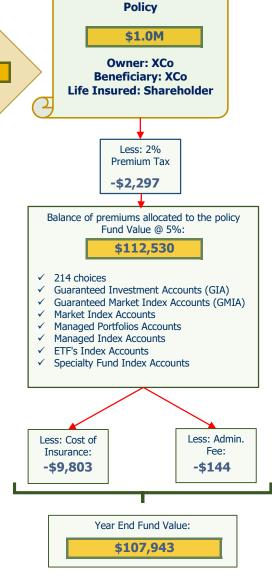
- 1. Shareholder applies for a permanent life insurance policy
- The insurance company makes an offer of life insurance to the shareholder.
- 3. The shareholder accepts the offer & XCo pays a premium to put the policy in force
- 4. Shareholder chooses the investment options
- 5. Ownership & beneficiary changed to XCo (Articles & Business Identification Number (BIN) required)



The assumptive 5% return on the Fund Value is net of all fees & MER's.

The policy fee of 1.75% breaks out as follows:

- .375% Federal Investment Income Tax against insurance company's assets
- .375% Asset Based Compensation which is paid to the broker
- .500% Compensation Recovery to cover commission amortization costs
- .250% Administration, Contingency, Investment Expenses, Profit and Capital Costs
- .250% Cumulative Fund Bonus credited to the policy after the fifth policy year



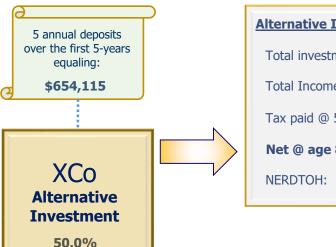
CONFIDENTIAL
Copyright © 2019 MLPCSI
www.csiplan.ca



Problem & Solution - Corporate Passive Income

Problem - Corporate Passive Income

- Profit not needed for growth, operations or personal needs are invested in an Alternative Investment
- Passive investment income generated by the Alternative Investment is taxed at the top corporate rate
- Passive income in excess of \$50k grinds Small Business Deduction (SBD)
- XCo books refundable tax NERDTOH offsets corporate tax on non-eligible dividends when declared (5)

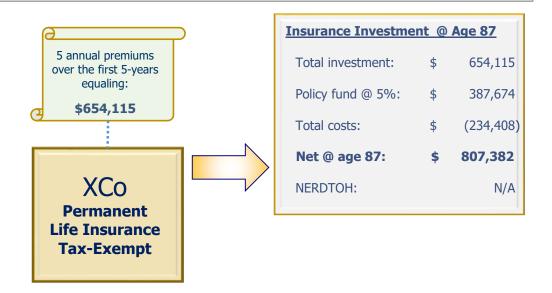


Helping You Make An Informed Decision

Alternative Investme	nt @	Age 87
Total investment:	\$	654,115
Total Income @ 5%:	\$	404,486
Tax paid @ 50%:	\$	(202,243)
Net @ age 87:	\$	856,358
NERDTOH:	\$	124,042
7		

Solution - Permanent Life Insurance

- XCo purchases a permanent tax-exempt life insurance policy on the life of the shareholder(s) as one of the assets it owns
- ✓ XCo is the owner, beneficiary and premium payor
- ✓ Growth of the life insurance policy is fully taxexempt - no taxable passive income is generated (1)
- ✓ Reduces the impact of the SBD grind (6)
- ✓ The cash surrender value of the life insurance policy is an asset on XCo's balance sheet
- ✓ Premiums are not deductible, in specific circumstances premiums may be deductible

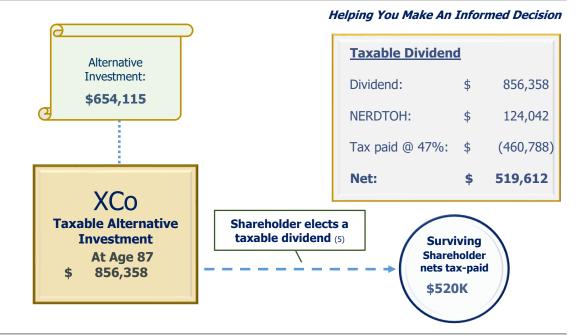




Problem & Solution - Dividend Tax

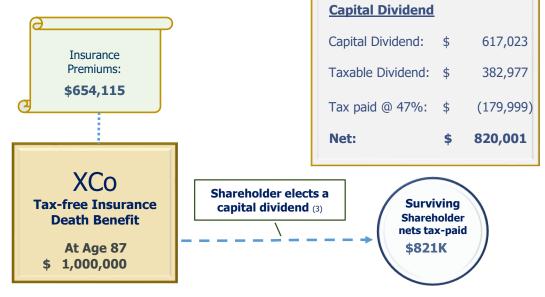
Problem - Dividend Tax

- Surviving shareholder(s) of XCo can elect to take dividends from XCo's retained earnings for personal use
- These surviving shareholders are often a combination of a spouse, children, and grandchildren
- Dividends declared by surviving shareholders are taxed at the taxpayers top marginal rate (4)
- NERDTOH subject to ordering rule (5)



Solution - Permanent Life Insurance

- ✓ The XCo purchases a permanent tax-exempt life insurance policy on the life of the shareholder(s) as one of the assets it owns
- ✓ At death the life insurance proceeds are paid taxfree to the beneficiary (XCo) (1)
- ✓ Death benefits paid to XCo (beneficary) qualify for capital dividend account (CDA) treatment (3)
- ✓ Capital dividends declared by surviving shareholders are tax-free dividends



Permanent Life Insurance vs. Alternative Investment

796,774

83.6%



Summary

Helping You Make An Informed Decision

September 3, 2019 Date: Prepared for: Male, 74, Non-smoker

Prepared by: Raymond Matt, CFP, CLU, TEP, CHS Permanent Life Insurance: \$ Alternative Investment: \$

654,115 654,115 Death benefit: \$1.0M

Deposit years: 5

After-tax	Estate	Benefit

After-tax Estate Benefit								
		Permanent	Alternative	Diff.				
Year	Age	Life Insurance	Investment	%				
1	75	997,871	63,313	1476.1%				
2	76	996,225	134,224	642.2%				
3	77	995,169	212,164	369.1%				
4	78	994,958	296,940	235.1%				
5	79	995,860	388,355	156.4%				
6	80	813,723	403,380	101.7%				
7	81	748,247	418,780	78.7%				
8	82	758,284	434,565	74.5%				
9	83	769,253	769,253 450,745					
10	84	781,053	467,330	67.1%				
11	85	793,554	484,329	63.8%				
12	86	806,583	501,753	60.8%				
13	87	820,001	519,612	57.8%				
14	88	833,649						
15	89	847,350	556,682	52.2%				
16	90	860,910	575,915	49.5%				
17	91	873,558	595,629	46.7%				
18	92	885,028	615,835	43.7%				
19	93	932,714	636,547	46.5%				
20	94	998,490	657,776	51.8%				
21	95	1,067,370	679,536	57.1%				
22	96	1,139,483	701,841	62.4%				
23	97	1,214,952	72 4 ,702	67.6%				
24	98	1,293,894	748,136	72.9%				
25	99	1,376,397	772,155	78.3%				

1,462,489

		•				
	Cash Value			Cumulative Costs	& Taxes	
	Permanent	Alternative	Diff.	Permanent	Alternative	Difference
0	Life Insurance	Investment	%	Life Insurance	Investment	%
0	-	117,698		12,244	2,871	-326.5%
D	94,290	247,785	-162.8%	28,882	8,914	-224.0%
b	224,173	389,022	-73.5%	48,080	18,403	-161.3%
b	388,315	540,887	-39.3%	68,765	31,595	-117.6%
D	545,175	702,853	-28.9%	89,868	48,738	-84.4%
D	556,017	720,424	-29.6%	112,817	66,309	-70.1%
b	595,067	738,435	-24.1%	130,306	84,320	-54.5%
D	637,230	756,896	-18.8%	145,637	102,780	-41.7%
D	679,480	775,818	-14.2%	161,912	121,703	-33.0%
D	743,357	795,214	-7.0%	179,606	141,098	-27.3%
o o	763,435	815,094	-6.8%	198,069	160,979	-23.0%
D	783,964	835,471	-6.6%	217,120	181,356	-19.7%
D	807,382	856,358	-6.1%	234,408	202,243	-15.9%
D	834,116	877,767	-5.2%	249,667	223,652	-11.6%
b	864,652	899,711	-4.1%	262,593	245,596	-6.9%
Ď	899,550	922,204	-2.5%	272,837	268,089	-1.8%
b	939,472	945,259	-0.6%	279,978	291,144	3.8%
D	985,142	968,891	1.6%	283,567	314,775	9.9%
b	1,036,507	993,113	4.2%	283,961	338,998	16.2%
D	1,090,834	1,017,941	6.7%	284,105	363,825	21.9%
D	1,148,017	1,043,389	9.1%	284,249	389,274	27.0%
D	1,208,205	1,069,474	11.5%	284,393	415,359	31.5%
b	1,271,556	1,096,211	13.8%	284,537	442,096	35.6%
b	1,338,237	1,123,616	16.0%	284,681	469,501	39.4%
0	1,408,423	1,151,707	18.2%	284,825	497,591	42.8%
o O	1,482,297	1,180,499	20.4%	284,969	526,384	45.9%

100

Investment Options

corporate solutions

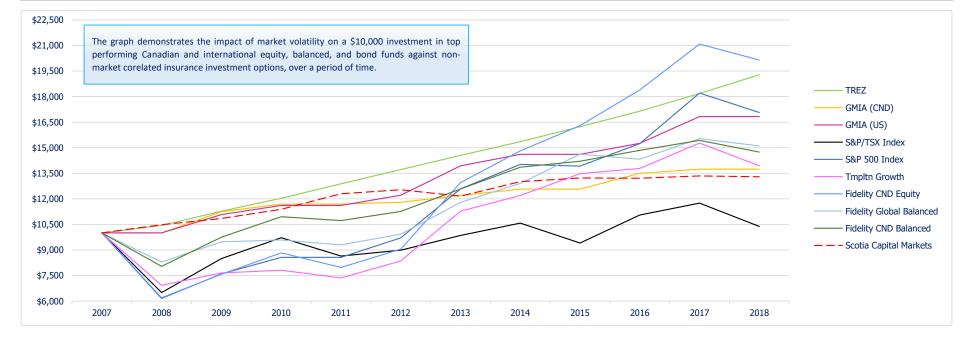
Market Analysis

Helping You Make an Informed Decision

Date: January 14, 2019

Prepared by: Raymond Matt, CFP, CLU, TEP, CHS

	TREZ	Annual	CND	Annual	US	Annual	S&P/TSX	Annual	S&P 500	Annual	Tmpltn	Annual	Fidelity	Annual	Fidelity	Annual	Fidelity	Annual
Year	Capital	Return	GMIA	Return	GMIA	Return	Index	Return	Index	Return	Growth	Return	CND Equ.	Return	Glo. Bal.	Return	CND Bal.	Return
2007	\$10,000		\$10,000		\$10,000		\$10,000		\$10,000		\$10,000		\$10,000		\$10,000		\$10,000	
2008	10,435	4.4%	10,000	0.0%	10,000	0.0%	6,497	-35.0%	6,151	-38.5%	6,923	-30.8%	6,193	-38.1%	8,290	-17.1%	8,038	-19.6%
2009	11,275	8.1%	11,247	12.5%	11,070	10.7%	8,491	30.7%	7,593	23.5%	7,651	10.5%	7,575	22.3%	9,478	14.3%	9,749	21.3%
2010	12,029	6.7%	11,690	3.9%	11,608	4.9%	9,718	14.5%	8,564	12.8%	7,805	2.0%	8,829	16.6%	9,587	1.2%	10,951	12.3%
2011	12,883	7.1%	11,690	0.0%	11,608	0.0%	8,642	-11.1%	8,564	0.0%	7,353	-5.8%	7,971	-9.7%	9,293	-3.1%	10,726	-2.1%
2012	13,720	6.5%	11,795	0.9%	12,209	5.2%	8,988	4.0%	9,712	13.4%	8,353	13.6%	9,047	13.5%	9,927	6.8%	11,262	5.0%
2013	14,550	6.1%	12,199	3.4%	13,937	14.2%	9,847	9.6%	12,587	29.6%	11,274	35.0%	12,952	43.2%	11,788	18.7%	12,580	11.7%
2014	15,351	5.5%	12,570	3.0%	14,616	4.9%	10,578	7.4%	14,021	11.4%	12,199	8.2%	14,812	14.4%	12,904	9.5%	13,853	10.1%
2015	16,234	5.8%	12,570	0.0%	14,616	0.0%	9,405	-11.1%	13,918	-0.7%	13,472	10.4%	16,300	10.0%	14,623	13.3%	14,206	2.6%
2016	17,146	5.6%	13,495	7.4%	15,257	4.4%	11,051	17.5%	15,246	9.5%	13,783	2.3%	18,389	12.8%	14,327	-2.0%	14,844	4.5%
2017	18,180	6.0%	13,739	1.8%	16,829	10.3%	11,748	6.3%	18,207	19.4%	15,274	10.8%	21,083	14.7%	15,537	8.4%	15,430	4.0%
2018	19,284	6.1%	13,739	0.0%	16,829	0.0%	10,380	-11.6%	17,071	-6.2%	13,942	-8.7%	20,147	-4.4%	15,103	-2.8%	14,745	-0.4%
Avera	ge	6.2%		3.0%		5.0%		1.9%		6.7%	_	4.3%		8.7%		4.3%		4.5%



Assumptions



Helping You Make An Informed Decision

We help private Canadian shareholder's implement and manage permanent life insurance plans, fully sheltered from tax, and move residual wealth to the next generation tax-free. The objective is to minimize the impact of market volatility over time by seeking out policy returns that are not correlated to the broader equity markets. Our focus is capital preservation, risk reduction, and consistency over time.

This presentation demonstrates the advantages of using permanent life insurance as part of your overall tax and estate planning strategy. We highlight the impact of planning with, and without, life insurance, using apples-to-apples comparisons, with conventional tax and estate planning structures.

This presentation uses the following assumptions:

• Interest Rate & Cost of Borrowing Assumptions Net of Fees & MER's:

٠	Alternative Investment:	5.0%
٠	Permanent Life Insurance:	5.0%
ě.	Cost of Borrowing:	5.0%

• Tax Rate Assumptions:

•	T5 Income:	50.0%
	Capital Gains:	25.0%
	Non-eligible Dividends:	47.0%
•	Passive Income:	50.0%
	Refundable Tax:	30.7%
	Capital Gains Inclusion:	50.0%

• Ontario's Combined Top Marginal Tax Rates for individuals earning in excess of \$220,000:

•	T4 & T5 Income:	53.5%
٠	Capital Gains:	26.8%
٠	Eligible Dividends:	39.3%
•	Non-eligible Dividends:	47.4%

• Small Business Income Threshold:

• \$ 500,000

• Small Business Exemption Grind Starts At:

• \$ 50,000

• Ontario's Combined Tax Rates For Income Earned by a CCPC:

٠	Income up to \$500,000:	12.5%
٠	Active Business Income:	26.5%
٠	Passive Income:	50.2%
	Refundable Tax:	30.7%

Footnotes & Notice To Reader



Helping You Make An Informed Decision

Notice To Reader

This analysis is provided for general information and discussion purposes only. This document is made available only for the purposes of assisting in determining a level of interest in the proposed life insurance plan. It will not form part of the insurance contract. It is subject to underwriting and approval and is intended to demonstrate benefits based on specific assumptions. These assumptions will change over time and should be considered hypothetical. Interest rates for loans and investment accounts are assumptions; they are neither guarantees nor estimates of future performance. Consult the contract for specific details including policy charges and surrender charges. If there is any discrepancy between any illustration provided to you and your policy contract, your contract governs. Every implementation is different; such as, but not limited to, the client's specific facts and circumstances. Care and attention should be paid to Subsection 55(2) as it relates to safe income. All post-mortem planning (164(6) & 88(1)(d)) will vary based on the deceased's will, current tax legislation, the intentions of the beneficiaries and may be subject to stop-loss rules 112(3.2). All loans, unless otherwise stated in writing, are assumed to be personal loans secured with personal assets. Loans secured with corporate assets for a personal benefit could result in a deemed benefit for tax purposes.

Any taxpayer considering this insurance plan should consult with his or her tax advisor for advice as to the income tax consequences to him or her and any other relevant parties having regard to his or her own particular circumstances prior to implementation.

A copy of the assumptions used for all illustrations will be made available upon request. Errors & Omissions Excepted.

Footnotes

- 1. Section 148 of the ITA Life Insurance Rules
- 2. January 1, 2019 Federal and Provincial tax rate for passive investment income earned by a CCPC
- 3. Subsections 83(2) & 89(1)(d) Reg. 2101: Capital Dividends and Life Insurance Capital Dividends Payable by Private Corporations
- 4. January 1, 2019 Top marginal tax rate in Ontario for individuals with taxable income in excess of \$220,000
- 5. Subsection 129(1)(a) of the ITA Ordering Rules for Refundable Dividend Tax On Hand (RDTOH) Accounts
- 6. Subsection 125(1)(a) of the ITA Passive Income Small Buisness Deduction (SBD) Grind Rules
- 7. Subsection 55(2) of the ITA Inter-corporate Dividend Safe Income Rules
- 8. Subsection 120.4(1) of the ITA Tax On Split Income (TOSI)



Helping You Make An Informed Decision

Aaron Ledlie Independent Insurance Broker President

aaron@csiplan.ca Cell: 705-427-5945

Raymond Matt, CFP, CLU, TEP, CHS Independent Insurance Broker Founder

raymond@csiplan.ca Cell: 416-452-2334

MLP Corporate Solutions Inc.

543 Yonge Street Midland, ON L4R 2C6 Bus: 705-526-2807 Fax: 705-526-0615

www.csiplan.ca



